GUTRAGES IN THE COAL REGIONS.

Grand Climax of the 'W. B. A.

Particulars of the Outbreak.

The Great Fire in Albany.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

THE COAL REGIONS.

Particulars of the Outbreak Among the Scranton Laborers.

The New York Herald has the following from Scranton, dated yesterday:-

This city is in an intense state of excitement. An

This city is in an intense state of excitement. An outbreak among the miners occurred last night, and the reign of terror predicted in my letter of yesterday has commenced. As the mail closes in a short time I must tell the story as briefly as possible. For some time past a mine known as the Tripp Siope has been producing coal, a portion of which has been applied to supplying the wants of the citizens here, but much the largest quantity has been purchased for the customers of the Delaware, Lackawanna, and Western Railroad Company.

Yesterday an organized band, consisting of Irish, Welsh, and English miners, belonging to the Workingmen's Benevolent Association, congregated about the slope with the avowed intention of preventing the mine from being worked. When the seven or eight men left work a hostile demonstration was made upon them by the rioters, in which clubs and pistois were freely used. Severai of the miners were severely beaten, and one of the assallants was shot in the htp. Last night or early this morning the rioters proceeded to a small opening on the road between Hyde Park and Providence, entered the mine, tore up the track, blew up the cars, and did so much damage that the works were effectually stopped.

This morning the exasperated miners, augmented in numbers and strengthened by the successes of yesterday, made another demonstration at the Tripp slope, and prevented the men who wished to work

yesterday, made another demonstration at the Tripp slope, and prevented the men who wished to work from entering the mine. Mayor Morris appeared upon the spot, and endeavored to persuade the men to maintain order and retire to their homes. He was upon the spot, and endeavored to persuade the men to maintain order and retire to their homes. He was utterly powerless in his efforts, but upon a promise that the slope should not be worked the leaders guaranteed that the men who had been employed in the works sbould not be molested. Relying upon this guarantee the men started for their homes, but had got but a few steps from the "head house" of the slope before they were set upon by the crowd, and barely escaped with their lives. One man received a scalp wound from a pistol, and was saved from death by a miracle. The mob then proceeded to the mine of the Lackawanna Iron Company, on this side of the river, and after an excited demonstration drove the men out, and closed work at that point. At eleven o'clock Mayor Morris proceeded to the scene of disturbance and read the riot act. But he might have saved his breath. The object of the gathering having been accomolished, the mob formed into procession, she, as I write, are parading the streets, preceded by the American flag.

Such are the events up to the hour of closing the mail. The rioters have thus far carried their points, and the mining of coal in this quarter has been stopped. But the spirit of disorder is abroad, and there is no predicting what shape it may next assume. That this state of things has been precipitated by the avowed determination of the companies not to treat with the workmen except upon the terms laid down last November, there is not

tated by the avowed determination of the compa-nies not to treat with the workmen except upon the terms laid down last November, there is not a doubt, and it is evident that the doings of yes-terday and to-day are but the beginning of most serious trouble. The military of the State will be ordered to this place, and peace will have to be maintained at the point of the bayonet. That the citizens are greatly excited at the aspect of affairs as but natural to suppose, and the stream of sym-pathy which has been running in favor of the miners thus far is beginning to turn the other way niners thus far is beginning to turn the other way. The miners have grown desperate, and it is feared hat attacks will ultimately be made upon the stores o relieve cravings of nature. This is the first serious outbreak in this section for many years, and the hearts of the people are consequently filled with the gravest apprehensions.

TERRIBLE CONFLAGRATION IN ALBANY.

Twenty Buildings Consumed - Mammoth Printing House Destroyed-Loss Over Half a Million Dollars. From the Albany Evening Journal, April 7.

One of the most disastrous fires that ever visited our city broke out this morning, a little before five o'clock, in the upper story—the electrotype room—of Weed, Parson & Co.'s large printing establisment on Columbia street. The flames spread with fearful Tapidity, and before they could be stayed the great rapidity, and before they could be stayed the great building and its entire contents, and all the adjacent stores and dwellings on Broadway and Van Tromp street, were reduced to a mass of burning ruins.

The burned district presents a most foriorn and pitiful look. Walls standing here and there, in ragged and begrimed state, loom out from amid the dingy smoke of burning embers, while the lofty chimney stack of the ruined printing establishment—all that is left intact—seems to stand as a monument erected to commemorate the descipation of ment erected to commemorate the desolation which it is the centre and survivor.

ORIGIN OF THE PIRE.

Shortly before 5 o'clock this morning a policeman going his rounds discovered flames bursting out of one of the windows of the fifth (or top) story of the printing house. He at once made the fact known to the night watchman of the establishment, who was in the country room and who was in the counting-room, and then sounded a general alarm. The watchman proceeded to the fifth story, and found that the fire was at work in the electrotype room. In this room there was a small stove, and it is supposed the fire originated from it. The alarm was immediately communicated over the city and the various steamers decated over the city, and the various steamers, fire-men, and a vast concourse of citizens were at once assembled ready to work with might and main to suppress the flames and save the great building from serious damage. But their best efforts were in vain. In spite of superhuman efforts the fire

SPREAD WITH FEARFUL RAPIDITY, and in course of a quarter of an hour after the first alarm was sounded the roof fell in on top of the burning building, the dames every moment gather. burning building, the dames every moment gathering volume and communicating to the various
stories beneath. The fifth story contained, in addition to the electrotype room, the stereotype room,
iithographers room, and designers and engravers'
room. The fourth story was devoted to the bookbindery; the third story was the paper and cuttingroom, composing room, proof room, and book room;
the second story, the packing room, railroad ticket
room, and job room in rear; the first story contained
the several offices, counting soom, shipping room,
with press room in rear, containing over thirty
presses, and engine room.

LOSSES OF WEED, PARSONS AND COMPANY. It is impossible to state the loss of Weed, Parsons Co. with any degree of accuracy, there was such large quantity of unfinished work in progress, but

a large quantity of unfinished work in progress, but it will approximate \$400,000, upon which there is an insurance of \$155,000, \$40,000 on the building and \$110,000 on machinery, stock, and materials. The following are the insurances:— On "Buildings.—Imperial. London, \$50 0; Fire-men's, \$5000; Capital City, \$5000; Albany City, \$5000; North American, \$10,000; Western, Buffalo, \$5000; Commerce, Albany, \$5000. On other buildings, \$2000 in Republic and \$400 in Springfield. Total, \$42,400.

York, \$5000; Ætna, Bartford, \$5000; Imperial, London, \$5000; Ætna, Bartford, \$5000; Imperial, London, \$5000; Phænik, New York, \$3000; Atlantic, Providence, \$2500; Pireman's, New York, \$3000; Albany, \$2500; North American, New York, \$3500; Albany, \$2500; North American, New York, \$3500; Royal, Liverpool, \$12,000; Springfield, \$2500; Yonkers and New York, \$2500; Glens Falls, \$2500; International, New York, \$2500; North American, Hartford, \$5000; Astor, New York, \$2500; People's, Worcester, \$5000; Atlantic, Bracklyn, \$3000; Long Island, \$3500; Howard, New York, \$3500; Irving, New York, \$3000; Manufacturers', Boston, \$2000; Star, \$2500; Manufacturers', Boston, \$2000; Manufacturers', Bos On Stock .- Commerce, \$5000; Corn Exchange, New

On Engine and Machinery.—Etna, Hartford, 2000; Imperial, \$5000.

The Journal proceeds to give details of the burning of a score of additional buildings.

FIRST EDITION SECOND EDITION

MINERS' WAR.

Yesterday's Reports Exaggerated.

The Luzerne County Troubles

Arrival of the Military.

QUIET TO DAY.

The Quo Warranto Application.

Latest Cable News.

Defeat of the Insurgents

The Rebellion in Cuba. Losses of the Spaniards.

FROM EUROPE.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph. French Government Successes. VERSAILLES, April 8 .- A circular issued by President Thiers, and bearing date of the 7th, says:-Yesterday the gendarmeric carried the insurgent position at Courbevole and to-day the bridge at Neuilly was carried by the Government troops.

Generals Wounded. General Montanban was slightly and General Pechot seriously wounded.

The Losses of the Insurgents are immense, and the positions captured of decisive importance.

Position of the Versailles Troops. LONDON, April 8 .- A special from Versailles to the Telegraph says the Assembly's troops advanced to Porte Maillot, and hold a position under the ramparts. Forts d'Issy and Bicetre have ceased firing. Paris has only provisions for two days.

The Collapse of the Insurrection is imminent.

Marseilles Tranquil. LONDON, April 8 .- A despatch from Marseilles, of to-day's date, reports the city tranquil,

MM. Cremieux, Pellissier, and some other members of the insurrectionary committee have been arrested and imprisoned to await trial. This Morning's Quotations.

LONDON, April 8-11'80 A. M.-Consols, 93% for money and 98 for account. American securities opened quiet. U.S. bonds of 1862s, 92%; of 1863s, 92%; of 1867s, 91%; 10-40s, 891%; 01-1863s, LIVERPOOL April 8-11 30 A. M.—Cotton market closed firm. Other articles unchanged. This Afternoon's Quotations.

London, April 8—1-30 P. M.—Consols closed at 93 for money and account. American securities un-changed. The London and Liverpool produce martets are closed to-day in consequence of the Easter

FROM WASHINGTON.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph. Government Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, April 8. WAR DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 8--10:30 A. M .-Synopsis for the past twenty-four hours,-The barometer has varied slightly, and is now again high on the South Atlantic and Gulf coasts, and the weather has continued, as before, clear and warm with gentle winds. A very rapid fall in the barometer in the northwest took place Friday evening, with high Northeast winds on the upper lakes, and fo'lowed by brisk southeast and southwest winds on Lakes Michigan and Erie.

Threatening weather, with occasional light rains, have been reported from the Upper Mississippi Valley and from the Eastern States. Brisk northwest winds were reported last evening from California. This morning reports have not been re-

Probabilities .- The weather will probably continue partially cloudy and clear on the Guif, South, and Middle Atlantic; the clouds will probably clear away in the Eastern States, with nothing more than very light rains. Partially cloudy weather, with fresh southwest winds, will probably continue over the upper and lower lakes.

FROM CUBA.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

Success of the Insurgents. HAVANA, April 7 .- The active insurgent General Modesta Diaz lately made his appearance in the vicintty of Manzantlio and surprised a column of Spanish troops, putting forty hers ds combat. By the time the Spaniards had recovered from the surprise caused by this sudden attack the insurgents had vanished.

The Defeat of Colonel Morales de Los Rios, near Sancti Spiritus, is indirectly confirmed, although the Spanish journals try to make the affair of no importance. Colonel Morales de Los Rios separated his force into four columns, intending to surprise the rebels under Salome Hernandes, Villanielle Bembeta, and Marcas Garcia in their strongholds in the mountains, within six miles of Sancti Spiritus.

The Spanish Loss is heavy, and has caused Captain-General Valmesada to make a sudden journey to the latter place. Ely De Nuesada, lately hanged by the insurgents, was a brother-in-law of General Angel Castillo, who served gallantly during the first year of the insurrection, and whose life was sacrificed in an attack on an intrenched post of the Spanlards near Moron, after defeating in the field and killing Colonel

Baltimore Produce Market. Baltimore Produce Market.

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New York Money and Stock Market. New York Money and Stock Market.

New York, April 8.—Stocks steady. Money casy at 6 per cent. Gold, 110½, 5-208, 1802, coupout, 113½; do, 1866, do, 112½; do, 1866, do, 112½; do, 1868, 111½; 10-186, 108½; do, 1868, 111½; 10-408, 108½; Virginia 68, new, 71½; Missouri 68, 90½; Canton Co, 82½; Cumberland preferred, 24½; New York Central and Hudson River, 25½; Erie, 21; Reading, 197½; Adams Express, 74½; Michigan Central, 121; Michigan Southern, 101½; Michigan Central, 121; Michigan Southern, 101½; Michigan Central, 126; Clevelard and Pittsburg, 118½; Colecago and Hock Island, 111½; Pittsburg, and Fort Wayne, 99; Western Union Telegraph, 58,

FROM THE STATE.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS)

Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

The Coal Troubles—The Reports Exaggerated—No Lives Lost. SCRANTON, April 8 .- All is quiet on the Lackawanna this morning. The only trouble that has occurred since yesterday is the burning of the house of a mine boss at 1 o'clock this morning. It is now evident that there has been much exaggeration in the reported outrages. Though there has been considerable damage to property, it is now asserted that no lives have been lost and but few injured. Arrival of Military at the Scene of the

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. HARRISBURG, April 8 .- The following despatch has

just been received here from Scranton :-SCRANTON, April 8-6'45 A. M.-General A. L. Russell, Adjutant-General of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg. Pa :- Am here with all of my division. Have furnished guards to the Mayor for all points required. Am holding reserves well in hand, and think them equal to the emergency. There was no disturbance on the arrival of the military. Ammunition is plenty. E. S. OSBORNE, Major-General.

The Ammunition which left here last evening was hurried through by a special train via Northumberland.

Consultation with the Governor. Hon.;L. D. Shoemaker, member of Congress from the Luzerne district, reached here early this morning and held a consultation with the Governor on the subject of the troubles.

The Application for Quo Warranto will be made by Attorney-General Brewster to the Supreme Court in Chambers at Philadelphia. If it is granted the hearing will take place early in May. Trouble in a Newspaper Establishment.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. HARRISBURG, Pa., April S .- A difficulty has occurred here in the management of one of the dally papers called the State Journal. It has been published by an association, of which Benjamin Singerly and J. R. Sypher were members. On Thursday night last, after the edition for the next day was printed, Mr. Sypher, the editor, is alleged to have caused the removal of the entire machinery and fixtures from the State printing office, where the paper had been printed, to another place in town. Proceedings were instituted, and a writ of replevin was issued. The machinery was finally returned. So far as the public are able to judge, the controversy appears to be one between Singerly and Sypher as to the management.

FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

TRY ASSOCIATED PRESS,1 Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

Forgers Arrested and Sent East. SAN FRANCISCO, April 8 .- Two men named Edwards and Crawford, alias Charles and Louis Victor. have been arrested by Captain Lees, of the detective force of San Francisco, for a forgery on Ewell, Wood & Co., of Wall street, New York, and were sent East by the overland route to-day. The Wool Crop.

Owing to the high prices ruling for spring-clip wool in California, that article is coming forward freely. The wool will be rather under the average, owing to the short feed. Mining Stocks

are irregular. Crown Point, \$180; Beicher, \$59; Hidden Treasure, \$8; Imperial, \$35; Yellow Jacket, \$66:50; Savage, \$57; Cholian Potosi, \$72; Norcross, \$75; Gould & Curry, \$61; Ophir, \$12:75. The Comstock Ledge mines during the past year have called in on assessments \$11,398,600 and paid dividends in on assessments \$11,398,600 and paid dividends in the same period amounting to \$23.41,000 during the same period amounting to \$22,411,000. Six California gold quartz companies during the past year called in on assessments \$117,000, and paid dividends amounting to \$2,450,000.

New York Produce Market. NEW YORK, April 8 .- Cotton dull and nominal sales 1000 bales uplands at 15 c.; Orleans at 15 c.; Flour dull but without decided change; sales 7000 barrels. Wheat steady; new spring, \$1.59@1.60; winter red and amber Western at \$1.03@1.65. Corn winter red and amoer western at \$1.03@1.05. Corn duli; sales 26,000 bushels new mixed Western at 79 @80c. Oats quiet; sales 15,000 bushels Ohio at 68.2 72c. Beef unchanged. Pork duli; new mess, \$20 @21. Lard quiet. Whisky dull at 9014c.

A HORRIBLE CRIME.

A Man Murders his Wife and Five Children, and then Commits Suicide.

A letter from Stone Fort, Saline county, Illinois furnishes the following particulars of a crime that rivals in atrocity the flendish murders of Probst and Traupmann. The letter is dated March 26:—
This morning our little community was thrown into intense commotion by the intelligence that an entire family of the name of Dakins had been murdered last night at a point some three miles south-cast of this place. As soon as I heard the news I mounted my horse and visited the scene of the tragedy, a small log hut of one room on the land of

It stands in the midst of a small clearing of, I should judge, an acre and a half in extent, sur-rounded on all sides by an almost unbroken forest. It lies about three hundred yards from the county road, from which it is reached by a bridle path. On reaching the hut I found about a dozen men of the neighborhood, all terribly excited, and looking the horror each one felt. Dismounting and hitching my horse, I entered the hut, and hope that it may never be my fortune to look upon a similar spec-

and diagonally across some old quilts and blankets, stretched upon a rude framework in the corner of the right-hand as you eater the door, was body of a woman apparently thirty-four or thirty-five, with her throat cut and hacked in a fear-ful manner, the jugular veins, windpipes, arteries, everything severed, and the head only held to the trunk by the vertebræ. There was a deep incision across the paim of the right hand, as though a sharp knife had been suddenly drawn through the elenched

Several deep and long cuts were upon her shoulders and breasts, but nowhere could be discovered any stabs, showing that the murder was not committed with a sharp-pointed instrument. Near the fire-place, with her head partially in an old skillet, lay a fair-haired little girl of some ten or tweive years of age, with her thraat cut from ear to ear. In the corner farthest from the door, and on the same side of the room where the woman was lying, on a pallet, evidently where the children siept as nights, lay the bodies of two little boys, one as nights, lay the bodies of two little boys, one across the other, aged respectively about seven and five, both with their throats cut. On the floor, near and partially under the bed where the woman lay, was the body of another little girl, apparently not more than three years old, her head nearly severed from her body. Such was the horrible spectacle that greeted my sight on entering the hat.

The floor, the wals, the few articles of furniture, everything in and about the miserable abartment, were deluged with blood. From indications, the woman's struggle for life must have been protracted and furious, until she succumbed from loss of blood or a disabling stroke of the instrument of staughter.

and turious, until she succumbed from loss of blood or a disabling stroke of the instrument of sianghter. Bloody tracks on the door-sill, and a trail of blood leading in a northeasterly direction from the house, pointed out the course of the murderer's flight. Persuing parties started on the trail but did not proceed more than one hundred yards before they came upon the second sequel and end of this terrible tragedy of the night.

tragedy of the night.

The body of an infant not more than a year old lay partially clasped by the left arm of a man, it having shared the fate of its mother, brothers, and sisters. The man, who was no other than Dakins, was also dead, with a ghastly wound across his throat. His blood-stained shirt, pants, and a razor lying near the body, where it must have fallen from his hand the moment after indicting the

lying near the body, where it must have failen from his hand the moment after inflicting the fatal wound upon his throat, proclaimed him to be the author of the wholesale butchery of his family, despatching his own guilty soul to the other world swiftly after the shades of his victims.

As the man died and left no sign, the causes that led to the commission of the murders can only be conjectured. The Dakins had only been living here about aix months, having come, I understand, from Jefferson county, and little or nothing is known by any one here of their former history. Bakins was about forty-two or forty-three, and in the habit of drinking to excess.

The suspicion is that the poor wretch, from long nursing of jealous fancies, and brooding over real and imaginary wrongs, and moved doubtless by whisky is he was in town daring the afternoon drinking pretty freely), in a moment of potac fury committed the rash acts which collected his entire family and led him to suicide.

THIRD EDITION FOURTH EDITION

Afternoon Cable News. AFFAIRS AT THE CAPITAL.

Weekly Treasury Statement. Terrific Fighting at Paris.

The Covernment Victorious. Railway Accident in New England

Battle of the Barricades. Crime in the West.

Women and Children in Danger. The War Against the Priests. Catholic Church Burned

MATTERS AT WASHINGTON.

The Ku-klux and Amnesty Bills.

Condition of Republicanism.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM EUROPE.

Terrific Fighting. Exclusively to the Evening Telegraph.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]
PARIS, April 7 via LONDON, April 8.—The fighting is terrifie. The Nationals on Thursday night Reoccupied the Barriende

at Nevilly, and it was to day flercely atracked by the batteries of the Versatlles army. The Nationals defended the position with mitraleuses, which had been mounted on the barricade. There was a

Perfect Rain of Shells from the Versailles batteries until half-past 4 in the afternoon, when it became apparent that a Direct Assault

was intended by the Government forces. This movement proved a feint, however, for, instead of following it up the Versailles troops advanced upon both right and left flanks of the barricade. There was for an hour a rapid and effective fire of musketry and then the fighting increasing in intensity, the Communists Hastily Advanced

two fresh battalions of infantry, supported by eight Crowds of Women and Children were in dangerous positions near the Arc de Triomphe, watching with the utmost anxiety the changing scenes of the battle-field. The fire of the

artillery has up to this time spared the enceinte. The Nationals Resist the Advance of the Assemblyists with determination, and will defend every inch of the streets should the Assemblyists succeed in entering the concentration of Nationals in the Place Vendome, and many pieces of artillery in the court yard of the Palais Royal, and in front of the Church of the

Madeleine. The Utmost Bitterness towards the Versailles Government pervades the public mind, but portions of Paris remote from the scene of conflict are to all appearances calm. The Paris Reign of Terror.

VERSAILLES, April 8 .- The Communists continue the reign of terror in Paris and the neighborhood, The Indignities Heaped Upon Religion have shocked all the decent portion of the community. There is A War Against Priests.

and it is unsafe for one to be seen in Paris. All hopes are in MacMahon. The Government troops maintain the positions captured from the insurgents No New Attack

has been made by either yet, and there is a strong desire among the more substantial citizens to see Paris again Reoccupied by the Germans. The loss in the battles yesterday on both sides was

quite large. As mentioned in previous despatches. The Conduct of the Government Troops at the Avenue de Neuilly was most heroic. They never faltered a moment during the rain of shell and heavy firing, and their loss was great, but

Their Success was Complete. The Communists, since the battle, have committed the wildest excesses, and butchered the prisoners they held. The excitement here is intense, and communication with Paris is kept up with great

Afternoon Quotations. Liverpool, April 8-2:30 P. M.—Breadstuffs excited and advancing. California white wheat 12s. 4d.; new red Western, 11s.@11s. 5d. for lowest grades No. 1; winter, 11s. 8d.; Western flour, 23s.; Corn, 34s. 3d. for new mixed Western.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Ku-klux Bill.

Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, April 8 .- The Judiciary Committee of the Senate is in session to-day, and a majority are of the opinion that it is best to take the House Ku-klux bill, and report it without amendment. It will be reported on Monday. It is the intention of the majority to vote down all amendments, so that the bill may not be sent back to the House. It is the intention of General Butler to introduce a

General Amnesty Bill next Monday, and an attempt will be made to put it through both houses. The classes to be excepted from the benefits of the bill are persons who were in the United States army, navy, and Congress, and went into the Rebellion. Some Republicans are of the opinion that the passage of the General Amnesty bill upon the neels of the Ku-klux bill will have a good effect at the South.

Senator Morton and Judge Wade had a long interview with the President to day. The subject of conversation is understood to have been

conversation is understood to have been The Prospects of the Republican Party and its chances in the next campaign. All parties are agreed that a great change has taken place in favor of the Republicans of late, and that the sentiment of the country is setting strongly against the The President is anxious to have

Wade Run for Governor of Ohio

this fall Geo. Schenck, in speaking of the chances of the Adjustment of Differences between the United States and Great Britain, said to-day that there is no doubt but everything will be arranged to the satisfaction of both Govern-ments, and that the necessary treaty would be ar-ranged and submitted to the Senate within three or

IBY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph, General Schenck's Salary. Washington, April 8.—The Senate yesterday, matter coming out of executive session, passed the bill asthorizing the payment of a salary to General Schenck, as Minister to Engiand, during the time he is engaged here as a member of the Joint High Commission, but that he shall draw no other salary.

The House has yet to act upon it. The Deficiency Appropriation Bill. The Denciency Appropriation Bill.

The special House committee appointed to consider the Senate amendment to the Denciency Appropriation bill have sgreed to make no recommendation in regard to the amendment for the release of national bank notes, but will report it back for the action of the House, accompanied by a strong letter from the Secretary of the Treasury in favor of legislation on the subject.

FIRE IN PITTSBURG.

FROM WASHINGTON.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS, Exclusively to The Boening Telegraph.
Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, April 8 .- Colonel E. Schriver, Inspector-General, is relieved from duty in the War Department, and appointed as Inspector of the Military Academy, to take effect on the 15th inst.; after that date the usual reports and returns of the Military Academy will be returned direct to the Secretary of War.

The Austrian Frigate Novara, now on a cruise in these waters, will visit the Naval Academy at Annapolis in a few days. The usual naval courtesies will be extended on her arrival.

Conscience Money. Twenty-five dollars from an anonymous correspondent at San Francisco increased the conscience fund at the Treasury to-day.

Treasury Statement. Fractional currency received from the printers for the week ending to-day, \$628,000; shipments to Assistant Treasurers, banks, etc., notes, \$3,442,619; fractional currency, \$543,153. Treasurer Spinner holds in trust for national bank circulation, \$355,152,150, and for public deposits, \$15,833,500; national bank currency outstanding at this date, \$313,625,631; national gold bank notes in circulation, \$307,500; Fractional currency redeemed and destroyed during the week, \$770,000; internal revenue receipts to-day, \$348,064; for fiscal year to date, \$114,598,077. It is estimated that the receipts from internal revenue sources for the present fiscal year will foot up \$45,000,000. During this fiscal year part of the old law was in effect to August 1, part to October 1, and special taxes to

Financial Estimates. It is estimated that for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1872, the receipts under the present to national loan to-day, \$500,000. Secretary Boutwell expected to return to

Washington to-night. Senators Morton and Cameron, together with ex-Senator Wade, had a conference with the President to-day.

FROM NEW YORK.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

First Arrival Through the Welland Oswego, April 8 .- The schooner H. G. Cleveland has arrived from Toledo with a cargo of corn, the first arrival through the Welland

canal. Forger Sentenced. NEW YORK, April 8 .- In the United States Court, Judge Woodruff this morning sentenced Chadwick, convicted of altering a United States

bond, to ten years in the Albany County Peni-

tentiary, and to pay a fine of \$5000.

New York Assembly. ALBANY, April 8 .- The Assembly to-day passed a bill appropriating a million of dollars in 1871, and a million of dollars in 1872, to the Adiron dack and Oswego Midland Railway.

Shipment of Specie. New York, April 8 .- Shipments of specie to Europe to-day, \$467,000.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS. Railway Accident.

Exclusively to the Evening Telegraph. Boston, April 8 .- Two passenger cars of this morning's train from South Bridge for Boston. on the Hartford and Erie Rallroad, were thrown from the track at Readsville and capsized. A number of passengers were injured, but none killed. Mrs. T. W. Centre wife of the Principa of Dean Academy; Jewell Batchelder, of North Bringe; Mrs. Whiting, of Whitingsville, and Mr. Clark, of Franklin, are seriously injured.

Mr. Newton George, of Wilmington, Mass., injured internally: William C. Barnes, of South Bridge, injured in the head. The following were slightly injured:-Miss A. Richards, of Rockville, Mass.; H. L. Ryan, of California; Alexander McNeil, of Webster; Mr. Marsten, of Franklin: J. D. Baker, George Campbell, and William Thayer. The accident was caused by an expansion of the rails which are of the compound kind.

Terrific Thunder Storm. Bangor, April 8.—A terrific thunder storm passed over this city at midnight. For nearly an hour the flashes of lightning and peals of thunder were almost continuous and of unusual violence. No damage was done. The preceding day had been warm and sultry.

FROM THE WEST.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph. Fire in St. Louis.

ST. Louis, April 8 .- By a fire late last night the drug store of Harless & Co., No. 710 Broadway, was damaged in stock and building about \$10,000. The adjoining hardware store of Schmieding & Co. was damaged about \$2000. Insured.

Murder in Chicago. CHICAGO, April 8 .- P. A. Leonard shot Dr. S. E. Scanlend on Friday svening, killing him instantly. The cause was domestic trouble.

Fatal Accident. Robert B. Treadway, a merchant at No. 130 Kinzie street, fell down the hatchway of a warehouse, and was instantly killed, last even-

Distillery Burned.

Graft, Romin & Co.'s distillery was totally destroyed by fire this morning. Loss \$75,000. Insurance not known.

FROM THE STATE.

[BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

Catholic Church Burned in Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, April 8.—St. Bridget's Catholic Church, in the Eleventh ward, was entirely destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, \$40,000; insured for \$15,000 in home companies. The fire also destroyed a portion of the central wing of the Eleventh ward school building adjoining. Loss, \$20,000; fully insured.

New York Bank Statement. New York Bank Statement.

New York, April 8.—The following changes appear in the weekly bank statement just published:

Loans decreased. \$975.057

Specie decreased. 2,468,506

Legal-tenders decreased. 2,324,256

Deposits decreased. 6,344,438

WOMAN AT THE POLLS.

A Woman in Detroit Votes the State Ticket-First Instance of the Kind in the Last Half Century.

From the Detroit Advertiser, April 3.

A steady rain to-day is aiding the general lack of interest that inevitably attends the spring elections in this city, in making the voting in Detroit so very quiet as to be tremendously dull. A light vote is being cast here, and there are no crowds, no excitement, no fights, no food for items. Mrs. Nannette B. Gardner, whose success in securing the registering of food for items. Mrs. Nannette B. Gardner, whose success in securing the registering of her name week before last was duly chronicled at that time, has cast this morning the first vote for a State officer deposited in an American ballot-box by a woman for the last half century. Mrs. Gardner arrived at the polls of the First precinct of the Ninth ward at about 10-30 o'clock, in a carriage, and accompanied by her son, a lad of ten years, Mrs. Starring, and Mrs. Giles B. Stebbins. Barely a dozen bystanders were present at the voting place, and the larger part of these were laboring men. No demonstrations whatever followed the appearance of the ladies, the men remaining quiet and civil, and contenting themselves with comments sotto voce on the last political development, and with speculations as to how the newly enfranchised would vote. Mrs. Gardner presented herself at the polls with a vase of flowers and also a prepared ballot, which she had decorated with various appropriate devices, in her hands. The inspectors asked the questions in regard to name and residence usually put to all applicants and her name below. questions in regard to name and residence usually put to all applicants, and her name being found duly registered her ballot was received found duly registered her ballot was received and deposited in the box without any further proceedings whatever. There was no argument, no challenging, no variation frem the routine traversed by each masculine exerciser of the elective franchise. Mrs. Gardner voted, as we understand, for the Republican candidates generally, with one Democrat and one lady. After the vote was deposited she presented the vase of flowers to the inspectors, and also handed them a large picture, representing an immense crowd of the inspectors, and also handed them a large picture, representing an immense crowd of women in darkness just entering the portals of an arch inscribed "Liberty" and upon which an eagle was perched. The gates were held open by Columbia and the Goddess of Justice. The foremost woman held in her hands a scroll inscribed "The Fourteenth Amendment." To the right were imps of darkness fleeing away, some with barrels of whisky. On the left was pictured the Capitol at Washington, with men crowding its steps, cheering, etc. Streams of light flowed upon them, while, with the excepwhile, with th tion of this and the foreground, the picture was darkness intensified. The following lines appeared underneath: -

we come, free America, five millions strong,
In darkness and bondage for makey years long
We've marched in deep slience, but now we unroli
The fourteenth amendment, which gives us a soul.
Glory, glory, hallelujah! glory, etc.,
As we go marching on."
Columbia—"Welcome, beloved daughters;
Take your places beside my sons."

After the vote had reached its resting-place, there was a faint attempt at a hurrah among some of these present, but this was frowned down by the others as tending to interfere with the solemnity of the occasion. The ladies then left the voting-place, and matters resumed their usual appearance thereabouts.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Coal Troubles.

Bupreme Court.

In this Court the Attorney-General to-day filed information against the Lehigh Valley and Philadelphia and Reading Bailroad Companies, upon which writs of quo warranto were issued returnable at Harrisburg the first Monday in May. The informations charge that the Lehigh Valley Road was chartered with power to transport merchandise and minerals at the rate of three cents per ton per mile, and were now charging at the rate of four cents; that the Reading road was empowered to charge four cents per ton; that in Januasy last they charged for transporting coal from Port Carbon to this city \$2.08 per ton, which was a reasonable compensation, and in the month of February they increased the charge to \$6.03 per ton; that these increases were in concert with other corporations, were intended to be prohibitory, and were unlawful. Therefore they will be required to show in May next why their charters should not be forested. Supreme Court. should not be forfeited.

Bunn Remanded. Court of Quarter Sessions.

In the case of William M. Bunn, who was charged with embezzlement of public funds and conspiracy to cheat and defraud, Judge Allison this morning decided that the first charge could not be sustained, because there was no evidence to show that the money in question was entrusted to him. Upon the second charge, however, there was nothing to do but remand him for trial, because the evidence was to the effect that he planned with other prrties to obtain from the city something over \$900, when he was entilled to receive only a sum of \$100. But his Honor thought the prosecutor, Hartnack, was, from his own statement, as guilty as Bunn could be, and he would also remand him for trial were it not that the statute of limitations prevented.

Landis Again. Court of Quarter Sessions.

Landis Again. Simon M. Landis had a hearing before Judge Peirce upon the charge of selling a wicked book. It is the same book that caused his conviction and sentence before. His counsel, Damon Y. Kilgore, quoted the words of Governor Geary's pardon, that this was a scientific medical book, published for a good purpose; but Judge Peirce said the Governor was no criterion of the matter. The hearing has not yet been concluded.

not yet been concluded. Merited Sentence.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Peirce.

Edward Thorn, Michael Trimbler and Wm. H.
Webb alias Buck, who were convicted of rape, committed upon Marietta Herschberger, were sentenced to a fine of \$1000 and fifteen years in the Eastern Penitentiary.

Meeting of the Park Commissioners.—At noon to-day a meeting of the Park Commission was held, Hon. Morton McMichael in the chair. The usual monthly reports were read. An ordinance was adopted prohibiting the driving of cattle over the Girard Avenue and Falls Bridges between 16 A. M. and 10 P. M. or at any time beyond ten in number. Mr. F. J. Lreer presented two pictures of scenes in the park at former times, and received the thanks of the commission. The Committee on Superintendence and Police were authorized to obtain immediate possession of certain properties on the east side of the river below Laurel Hill. Appropriations were made for the summer music, for watering the roads, and for repairing Landsdowne drive. The Junction Railroad Company was requested to floor its bridges.

-A man in Louisville entertained his friends at a grand dinner on the occasion of the death of his mother-in-law.

—It takes California, after all, to cap climaxes.

They are talking out there now of building a \$2,000,000 ship canal by the aid of a lottery.

—It is estimated that 225,000,000 cubic feet of earthy matter are deposited annually by the Mississippi at the Southwest Pass, in the Guif.

-Six pupils of one of the public schools of Louisville, Kentucky, have been dismissed for refusing to study "The Southern History of the